

Ultramid® A3EG7 BK23189

Polyamide 66

Product Description

Ultramid A3EG7 BK23189 is a 35% glass fiber reinforced, pigmented black, injection molding PA66 grade for machinery components and housings of high stiffness and dimensional stability.

Applications

Typical applications include lamp socket housings, cooling fans, insulating profile for aluminium window frames, water containers for automotive cooling systems, as well as electrically insulating parts.

PHYSICAL	ISO Test Method	Property Value	
Density, g/cm ³	1183	1.42	
Moisture, %	62		
(50% RH)		1.6	
(Saturation)		5	
MECHANICAL	ISO Test Method	Dry	Conditioned
Tensile Modulus, MPa	527		
23°C		11,000	-
Tensile stress at break, MPa	527		
23°C		198	-
Tensile strain at break, %	527		
23°C		2.6	-
Flexural Modulus, MPa	178		
23°C		10,400	-
IMPACT	ISO Test Method	Dry	Conditioned
Izod Notched Impact, kJ/m ²	180		
-40°C		8	-
23°C		9	-
Charpy Notched, kJ/m ²	179		
-30°C		9	-
23°C		9	-
Charpy Unnotched, kJ/m ²	179		
-30°C		54	-
23°C		62	-
THERMAL	ISO Test Method	Dry	Conditioned
Melting Point, °C	3146	260	-
HDT A, °C	75	250	-

Processing Guidelines

Material Handling

Max. Water content: 0.15%

Product is supplied in sealed containers and drying prior to molding is not required. If drying becomes necessary, a dehumidifying or desiccant dryer operating at 80 degC (176 degF) is recommended. Drying time is dependent on moisture level, but 2-4 hours is generally sufficient. Recommended moisture levels for achieving optimum surface qualities and mechanical properties is 0.05% - 0.12%. Further information concerning safe handling procedures can be obtained from the Safety Data Sheet. Alternatively, please contact your BASF representative.

Typical Profile

Melt Temperature 280-305 degC (536-581 degF)

Mold Temperature 80-90 degC (176-194 degF)

Injection and Packing Pressure 35-125 bar (500-1500 psi)

Mold Temperatures

A mold temperature of 80-90 degC (176-194 degF) is recommended, but temperatures of as low as 45 degC (113 degF) and as high as 105 degC (221 degF) can be used where applicable.

Pressures

Injection pressure controls the filling of the part and should be applied for 90% of ram travel. Packing pressure affects the final part and can be used effectively in controlling sink marks and shrinkage. It should be applied and maintained until the gate area is completely frozen off.

Back pressure can be utilized to provide uniform melt consistency and reduce trapped air and gas. Minimal back pressure should be utilized to prevent glass breakage.

Fill Rate

Fast fill rates are recommended to ensure uniform melt delivery to the cavity and prevent premature freezing. Surface appearance is directly affected by injection rate.

Note

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